



**Financial statements
for the period ended
31 May 2021**

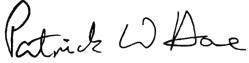
CONTENTS	Page
Certification	
Statement by the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer	3
Primary financial statement	
Statement of Comprehensive Income	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Cash Flow Statement	7
Overview	
Objectives of the FRDC	8
Notes to the financial statements:	
1. Financial performance	
1.1 Expenses	9
1.2 Own-source income and revenue from the Australian Government	11
2. Financial position	
2.1 Financial assets	13
2.2 Non-financial assets	14
2.3 Payables	16
2.4 Interest bearing liabilities	16
3. People and relationships	
3.1 Employee provisions	17
3.2 Key management personnel remuneration	17
3.3 Annual total remuneration ranges paid to key management personnel	18
3.4 Related party disclosures	19
4. Financial instruments and fair value measurement	
4.1 Financial instruments	20
4.2 Fair value measurement	21
5. Other information	
5.1 Aggregate assets and liabilities	21

FISHERIES RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (FRDC)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In our opinion, the attached financial statements for the period ended 31 May 2021 comply with subsection 42(2) of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 (PGPA Act), and are based on properly maintained financial records as per subsection 41(2) of the PGPA Act.

In our opinion, at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the FRDC will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.



Signed.....
Dr Patrick Hone
Managing Director

Jun 28, 2021

Date



Signed.....
Ms Cheryl Cole
Chief Financial Officer

Jun 28, 2021

Date

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the period ended 31 May 2021

	Notes	2020-21 \$	2019-20 \$	Original Budget PBS 2020-21 \$
NET COST OF SERVICES				
Expenses				
Employee benefits	1.1A	2,913,991	2,907,520	3,119,000
Suppliers	1.1B	964,321	1,476,043	1,322,000
Projects	1.1C	24,375,219	25,908,789	27,572,000
Depreciation and amortisation	2.2A	315,798	173,593	323,000
Finance costs	1.1D	7,647	-	-
Other expenses	1.1E	467,263	417,029	780,000
Total expenses		29,044,239	30,882,974	33,116,000
Own-source income				
Own-source revenue				
Revenue from contracts with customers	1.2A	158,587	-	-
Interest	1.2B	92,987	296,996	200,000
Grants	1.2C	-	197,500	-
Contributions	1.2D	7,360,246	6,688,499	9,173,000
Other revenue	1.2E	106,033	992,313	2,010,000
Total own-source revenue		7,717,853	8,175,308	11,383,000
Total own-source income		7,717,853	8,175,308	11,383,000
Net cost of services		21,326,386	22,707,666	21,733,000
Revenue from the Australian Government	1.2F	18,579,890	19,079,065	21,778,000
(Deficit)/surplus on continuing operations		(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services				
Changes in asset revaluation reserves	2.2A	-	-	-
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income		(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position
as at 31 May 2021

	Notes	2020-21 \$	2019-20 \$	Original PBS Budget 2020-21 \$
ASSETS				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1A	21,454,624	22,549,230	27,090,000
Trade and other receivables	2.1B	4,116,836	2,748,976	1,597,000
Other investments	2.1C	-	5,001	-
Total financial assets		25,571,460	25,303,207	28,687,000
Non-financial assets ¹				
Buildings	2.2A	681,175	-	835,000
Plant and equipment	2.2A	92,699	18,979	143,000
Computer software	2.2A	505,992	600,641	661,000
Other non-financial assets	2.2B	4,042	26,703	14,000
Total non-financial assets		1,283,908	646,323	1,653,000
Total assets		26,855,368	25,949,530	30,340,000
LIABILITIES				
Payables				
Suppliers	2.3A	137,396	64,437	204,000
Projects	2.3B	817,548	1,062	1,414,000
Other payables	2.3C	6,712	8,574	-
Total payables		961,656	74,073	1,618,000
Interest bearing liabilities				
Leases	2.4A	704,644	-	849,000
Total interest bearing liabilities		704,644	-	849,000
Provisions				
Employee provisions	3.1A	790,096	833,306	683,000
Total provisions		790,096	833,306	683,000
Total liabilities		2,456,396	907,379	3,150,000
Net assets		24,398,972	25,042,151	27,190,000
EQUITY				
Asset revaluation reserves		526,551	411,236	526,000
Retained earnings		23,872,421	24,630,915	26,664,000
Total equity		24,398,972	25,042,151	27,190,000

¹ Right-of-use assets are included in the following line item - Buildings.

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the period ended 31 May 2021

	2020-21	2019-20	Original PBS Budget 2020-21
	\$	\$	\$
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	26,618,919	28,259,516	26,619,000
Adjustment on initial application of AASB 15/AASB 1058/AASB 16	-	-	-
Opening balance as at 30 June 2020	26,618,919	28,259,516	26,619,000
Comprehensive income			
(Deficit)/surplus for the period	(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000
Closing balance as at 31 May 2021	23,872,423	24,630,915	26,664,000
ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	526,551	411,236	526,000
Opening balance	526,551	411,236	526,000
Comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	-
Closing balance as at 31 May 2021	526,551	411,236	526,000
TOTAL EQUITY			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	27,145,468	28,670,752	27,145,000
Adjustment on initial application of AASB 15/AASB 1058/AASB 16	-	-	-
Opening balance	27,145,468	28,670,752	27,145,000
Comprehensive income			
(Deficit)/surplus for the period	(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(2,746,496)	(3,628,601)	45,000
Closing balance as at 31 May 2021	24,398,972	25,042,151	27,190,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended 31 May 2021

	Notes	2020-21 \$	2019-20 \$	Original PBS Budget 2020-21 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received				
Receipts from the Australian Government		17,982,175	21,831,759	23,122,000
Contributions		6,772,910	6,357,816	10,534,000
Grants		-	197,500	-
Interest		91,912	289,399	200,000
Net GST received		2,088,661	2,328,251	-
Other		116,636	1,091,544	-
Total cash received		27,052,294	32,096,269	33,856,000
Cash used				
Employees		(2,819,333)	(3,094,059)	(3,131,000)
Suppliers		(1,084,790)	(1,805,961)	(612,000)
Projects expenditure		(27,409,570)	(28,709,392)	(27,572,000)
Interest payments on lease liabilities		(7,647)	-	-
Other		(513,989)	(458,732)	(1,480,000)
Total cash used		(31,835,329)	(34,068,144)	(32,795,000)
Net cash from operating activities		(4,783,035)	(1,971,875)	1,061,000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3,145)	-	(50,000)
Purchase of intangibles		(27,593)	(32,338)	(200,000)
Total cash used		(30,738)	(32,338)	(250,000)
Net cash used by investing activities		(30,738)	(32,338)	(250,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Principal payments of lease liabilities		(142,951)	-	(132,000)
Total cash used		(142,951)	-	(132,000)
Net cash used by financing activities		(142,951)	-	(132,000)
Net increase in cash held		(4,956,724)	(2,004,213)	679,000
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		26,411,348	24,553,443	26,411,000
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	2.1A	21,454,624	22,549,230	27,090,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Overview

Objectives of the FRDC

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. It is a not-for-profit entity established as a statutory corporation on 2 July 1991 under the provisions of the *Primary Industries Research and Development Act 1989* (PIRD Act). The FRDC's mission is to act as a national thought leader, facilitating knowledge creation, collaboration and innovation to shape the future of fishing and aquaculture in Australia for the benefit of the Australian people. To achieve this, the FRDC plans, invests in and manages research and development for fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, and ensures that the resulting knowledge and innovation is adopted for impact. The FRDC also undertakes monitoring of key indicators of change across fishing and aquaculture. This helps in the evaluation of impact that results from the FRDC's investments. Information collected is also of use to decision makers, to understand and respond to emerging issues.

The FRDC's strong relationships with sectors, managers and researchers are fundamental to enable the needs of key stakeholders to be identified and addressed.

The FRDC is structured to meet the following outcome:

Increased economic, social and environmental benefits for Australian fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, by investing in knowledge, innovation, and marketing.

The continued existence of the FRDC in its present form, and with its present outcome, is dependent on Australian Government policy, and on continuing funding from the Australian Government for the FRDC's outcome.

The basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements, and are required by section 42 of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013*.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- a) *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability (Financial Reporting) Rule 2015* (FRR); and
- b) Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations - Reduced Disclosure Requirements issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis, and in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of new and future Australian Accounting Standard requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date as stated in the standard.

The new standards, revised standards, interpretations and amending standards that were issued prior to the signing of the statements by the Board Chair; Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee Chair; Managing Director; and Acting Chief Financial Officer; and are applicable to the current reporting period, did not have a material impact, and are not expected to have a future material impact, on the FRDC's financial statements.

Taxation

The FRDC is exempt from all forms of taxation except Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Events after the reporting period

No reportable events have occurred after the Statement of Financial Position date.

Financial performance

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
Note 1.1: Expenses		
Note 1.1A: Employee benefits		
Wages and salaries	2,370,021	2,585,593
Superannuation		
Defined contribution plans	154,522	172,925
Defined benefit plans	288,202	335,540
Leave and other entitlements	101,246	(186,538)
Total employee benefits	2,913,991	2,907,520
Accounting policy		
Accounting policies for employee related expenses are contained at Note 3.1A.		
Note 1.1B: Suppliers		
Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Agency staff	-	-
Asset purchases less than \$5,000	47,775	17,360
Audit fees	36,000	-
External service providers	209,906	410,961
Insurance	35,728	29,920
Information technology	362,077	424,090
Joint research and development corporation (RDC) activities	20,489	72,390
Legal	26,997	27,247
Office supplies	8,167	13,949
Postage and couriers	1,244	1,854
Property	16,942	19,982
Recruitment/director selection costs	25,613	-
Representation	5,373	37,767
Representative organisations consultation	19,027	46,699
Telecommunications	26,693	30,999
Training	24,233	75,641
Travel	33,800	70,074
Other	46,504	13,483
Total goods and services supplied or rendered	946,568	1,292,416
Other suppliers		
Operating lease rental in connection with external parties		
Workers compensation expenses	6,113	10,183
Operating lease rentals ¹	11,640	173,444
Total other suppliers	17,753	183,627
Total suppliers	964,321	1,476,043

¹ Operating lease

The FRDC has applied AASB 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under AASB 117.

The FRDC has no short term lease commitments as at 31 May 2021.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 1.1B, 1.1D, 2.2A and 2.4A.

Canberra office

The lease for the office accommodation at 25 Geils Court, Deakin, Australian Capital Territory has been renegotiated for a further three years and expires 31 July 2023, with a 3 year right of renewal until 31 July 2026. Lease payments are subject to a 3 percent annual increase in accordance with the lease agreement.

Adelaide office

The lease for the office accommodation at Wine Australia, corner Botanic and Hackney Roads, Adelaide, South Australia commenced 31 March 2016 with an annual right of renewal until 30 March 2021. The current lease term expires 30 March 2021, and current negotiations are in progress to renew the lease for a further term. Lease payments are subject to the annual increase in accordance with movements in the consumer price index.

Accounting Policy

Short-term leases

The FRDC has no right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less.

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
<i>Note 1.1: Expenses continued</i>		
Note 1.1C: Projects		
Australian Government entities (related parties)	1,637,407	2,318,466
State and territory governments	6,561,413	4,256,931
Universities and educational bodies	8,866,156	7,770,045
Research and development corporations	211,065	175,622
Industry (commercial, recreational and Indigenous)	5,488,041	7,713,333
Overseas research entities	12,689	125,456
Private providers	1,598,447	3,548,936
Total projects	24,375,219	25,908,789

Accounting policy

The FRDC recognises project liabilities through project agreements that require research partners to perform services or provide facilities, or to meet eligibility criteria. In these cases, liabilities are recognised only to the extent that the services required have been performed, an invoice issued consistent with the contractual requirements, and the eligibility criteria have been satisfied by the research partner to the FRDC's satisfaction and approved invoice payment by the relevant delegate.

Project commitments

Project commitments comprise the future funding of approved projects that are contingent on the achievement of agreed deliverables over the life of those projects (project agreements are exchanged prior to release of the first payment on a project). Projects, where amounts were payable but were unpaid at the end of the period, have been brought to account as project payables. The FRDC contracts to fund projects in future years in advance of receipt of the income needed to fund them. FRDC manages this risk by having the project agreement allow for termination at its sole discretion for any reason. If the FRDC were to terminate a project agreement, it would only be liable to compensate the research partner for any reasonable costs in respect of unavoidable loss incurred by the research provider and directly attributable to the termination of the agreement, provided that the costs are fully substantiated to the FRDC.

Project commitments are payable as follows:

Within 1 year (unpaid deliverables up to 30 June 2021)	14,831,575	17,246,259
Between 1 to 5 years (1 July 2021 to 30 June 2025)	45,651,707	45,940,868
Over 5 years (from 1 July 2025)	88,000	-
Total project commitments	60,571,282	63,187,126

Note: Project commitments are GST inclusive.

Note 1.1D: Finance costs

Finance leases ¹	7,647	-
Total finance costs	7,647	-

¹ The FRDC has applied AASB 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under AASB 117.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 1.1B, 2.2A and 2.4A.

Note 1.1E: Other expenses

Communications		
Annual report	1,000	1,001
Factsheets	-	11,922
Communications External Provider	92,011	84,640
Media monitoring and releases	20,430	21,500
Other stakeholder consultation	-	25,500
FISH Magazine	345,065	230,816
Sponsorship	8,000	8,446
Corporate Merchandise	-	2,300
Photos and Videos	261	307
Education materials and events	496	30,597
Total other expenses	467,263	417,029

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
Note 1.2: Own-source income and revenue from the Australian Government		
Own-source revenue		
Note 1.2A: Revenue from contracts with customers		
Australian Government entities (related parties) - over time	158,587	-
Total revenue from contracts with customers	158,587	-

The FRDC has applied AASB 15 and AASB 1058 and has not applied retrospectively for comparatives, and therefore it has not been restated

Accounting policy

The FRDC receives revenue from the Australian Government under which it manages a suite of research activities. These activities are listed at Note 3.4B. FRDC has specific funding agreements with the Australian Government that include enforceable rights and performance obligations. The FRDC initially recognises the funding received as a credit liability entry to recognise the contracted liability (refer Note: 2.3B). Once the performance obligations have been satisfied as per the funding agreement milestones over time, it is then recognised as revenue from contracts with customers, unwinding the liability.

Note 1.2B: Interest

Deposits	92,987	296,996
Total interest	92,987	296,996

Accounting policy

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method.

Note 1.2C: Grants

Australian Government		
Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment ¹	-	197,500
Total grants	-	197,500

¹ Research & Development funding from Department of Agriculture Water, and the Environment (DAWE)

The FRDC has a Research & Development Funding Head Agreement with the DAWE under which it manages a suite of research activities. The activities are listed at Note 3.4B.

The FRDC has applied AASB 15 and AASB 1058 and has not applied retrospectively for comparatives, and therefore it has not been restated.

Accounting policy

Australian Government grants income is revenue paid to FRDC for the purpose of funding specific research and development projects, and is recognised when:

- the FRDC obtains control of the grant or the right to receive the grant;
- it is probable that the economic benefits comprising the grant will flow to the FRDC; and
- the amount of the grant can be reliably measured.

Note 1.2D: Contributions

Fisheries		
Australian Prawn Farmers Association	273,732	94,668
Australian Fisheries Management Authority	18,000	-
New South Wales	526,005	584,581
Northern Territory	212,189	217,807
Queensland	535,000	633,776
South Australia	1,195,362	967,332
Tasmania	2,287,523	2,200,235
Victoria	229,047	247,683
Western Australia	2,083,388	1,742,417
Total contributions	7,360,246	6,688,499

Accounting policy

Contributions are recognised when:

- the FRDC obtains control of the contribution or the right to receive the contribution;
- it is probable that the economic benefits comprising the contribution will flow to the FRDC; and
- the amount of the contribution can be reliably measured.

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
<i>Note 1.2: Own-source income continued</i>		
Note 1.2E: Other revenue		
Project funds received	3,089	802,951
Project refunds of prior years expenditure	102,944	189,072
Other	-	290
Total other revenue	106,033	992,313

Accounting policy

Project funds received are recognised when they are entitled to be received by the FRDC.
Project refunds from research partners are brought to account when received.

Note 1.2F: Revenue from the Australian Government

Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment		
Corporate Commonwealth entity payment item of 0.50% of AGVP ¹	13,404,114	14,128,439
Matching of industry contributions ²	5,175,776	4,950,626
Total revenue from the Australian Government	18,579,890	19,079,065

¹ AGVP is the average gross value of fisheries production for the current year and the two preceding financial years. The Australian Government's contribution of 0.50% of AGVP is made on the grounds that the FRDC exercises a stewardship role in relation to fisheries resources on behalf of the Australian community.

² Matching of industry contributions (up to 0.25% of AGVP) by the Australian Government.

Accounting policy

Revenue from the Australian Government

Revenues from the Australian Government are recognised when they are entitled to be received by the FRDC.
Funding received or receivable from non-corporate Commonwealth entities (appropriated to the non-corporate Commonwealth entity as a corporate Commonwealth entity payment item for payment to this entity) is recognised as Revenue from Government by the corporate Commonwealth entity unless the funding is in the nature of an equity injection or a loan.

Financial position

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
Note 2.1: Financial assets		
Note 2.1A: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand or at call	11,454,624	7,549,230
Cash on deposit:		
Fixed term deposit - original term 6 months	-	-
Fixed term deposit - original term 3 months	-	-
Fixed term deposit - original term 2 months	-	-
Fixed term deposit - original term 1 months	10,000,000	15,000,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	21,454,624	22,549,230

Accounting policy

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes:

- a) cash on hand; and
- b) demand deposits in bank accounts with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 2.1B: Trade and other receivables

Goods and services receivables

Goods and services	2,005,818	2,553,218
Total goods and services receivables	2,005,818	2,553,218

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Receivables	2,185,932	-
Total receivables from Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment	2,185,932	-

Other receivables

GST receivable from the Australian Taxation Office	(74,914)	195,758
Total other receivables	(74,914)	195,758
Total trade and other receivables	4,116,836	2,748,976

Trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered

No more than 12 months	4,116,836	2,748,976
Total trade and other receivables	4,116,836	2,748,976

Trade and other receivables aged as follows

Not overdue ¹	3,701,392	1,922,107
Overdue by		
0 to 30 days	342,045	814,769
31 to 60 days	73,399	5,500
61 to 90 days	-	5,500
More than 90 days	-	1,100
Total trade and other receivables	4,116,836	2,748,976

¹Credit terms for goods and services are within 30 days (2019-20: 30 days).

Accounting policy

Financial assets

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that are held for the purpose of collecting the contractual cash flows where the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, that are not provided at below-market interest rates, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method adjusted for any loss allowance.

Note 2.1C: Other investments

One-eighteenth share in Australian Seafood Co-Products Pty Ltd (ASCo), an unlisted company converting fish waste and fish nutrient into agriculture fertiliser products.

	-	5,001
Total other investments	-	5,001

ASCo closed effective 30 June 2020. The FRDC's share was written down to zero at 30 June 2020, as no funds were paid out to shareholders.

Note 2.2: Non-financial assets

Note 2.2A: Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment and intangibles**Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment and intangibles**

	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Intangibles (computer software)	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 1 July 2020				
Gross book value	1,009,479	129,400	1,315,628	2,454,507
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation	(175,046)	-	(714,535)	(889,581)
Total as at 1 July 2020	834,433	129,400	601,093	1,564,926
Additions				
Purchase	-	3,145	-	3,145
Internally developed	-	-	27,593	27,593
Right-of-use-assets ¹	-	-	-	-
Revaluations recognised in other comprehensive income ²	-	-	-	-
Write down recognised in net cost of services	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(39,846)	(122,694)	(162,540)
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	(153,258)	-	-	(153,258)
Total as at 31 May 2021	681,175	92,699	505,992	1,279,866
Total as at 31 May 2021 represented by				
Gross book value	1,009,479	132,545	1,343,222	2,485,246
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation	(328,304)	(39,846)	(837,230)	(1,205,380)
Total as at 31 May 2021	681,175	92,699	505,992	1,279,866
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets	681,175	-	-	681,175

¹ **Right-of-use-assets (Building leases)**Canberra office

The lease for the office accommodation at 25 Geils Court, Deakin, Australian Capital Territory has been renegotiated for a further three years and expires 31 July 2023, with a 3 year right of renewal until 31 July 2026.

Adelaide office

The lease for the office accommodation at Wine Australia, corner Botanic and Hackney Roads, Adelaide, South Australia commenced 31 March 2016 with an annual right of renewal until 31 March 2021. The current lease term expires 31 March 2021, and will be on a month to month basis until the negotiations are finalised.

No indicators of impairment were found for plant and equipment or intangibles.

No plant and equipment is expected to be sold or disposed of within the next 12 months.

Accounting policy

Assets are recorded at cost on acquisition except as stated below. The cost of acquisition includes the fair value of assets transferred in exchange and liabilities undertaken. Financial assets are initially measured at their fair value plus transaction costs where appropriate.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and income at their fair value at the date of acquisition, unless acquired as a consequence of restructuring of administrative arrangements. In the latter case, assets are initially recognised as contributions by owners at the amounts at which they were recognised in the transferor's accounts immediately prior to the restructuring.

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of property, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position, except for purchases costing less than \$5,000 that are expensed in the year of acquisition (other than where they form part of a group of similar items where the value is greater than \$5,000).

Lease right of use (ROU) assets

Leased ROU assets are capitalised at the commencement date of the lease and comprise of the initial lease liability amount, initial direct costs incurred when entering into the lease less any lease incentives received. These assets are accounted for by Commonwealth lessees as separate asset classes to corresponding assets owned outright, but included in the same column as where the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

On initial adoption of AASB 16 the FRDC has adjusted the ROU assets at the date of initial application by the amount of any provision for onerous leases recognised immediately before the date of initial application. Following initial application, an impairment review is undertaken for any right-of-use lease asset that shows indicators of impairment and an impairment loss is recognised against any right-of-use lease asset that is impaired. Lease ROU assets continue to be measured at cost after initial recognition in Commonwealth agency, GGS and whole of government financial statements.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (excluding ROU assets) are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are conducted with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amounts of assets do not differ materially from the assets' fair values as at the reporting date. The regularity of independent valuations depend on the volatility of movements in market values for the relevant assets.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reverses a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the surplus/deficit except to the extent that they reversed a previous revaluation increment for that class.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the asset restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives to the FRDC using, in all cases, the straight-line method of depreciation.

Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2020-21	2019-20
Buildings	Lease term	-
Leasehold improvements	Lease term	Lease term
Plant and equipment	up to 5 years	up to 5 years

Impairment

All assets were assessed for impairment at 31 May 2021. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the entity were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal, or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Intangibles

The FRDC's intangibles comprise internally developed software and purchased software for internal use. These assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software is amortised on a straight-line basis over its anticipated useful life. The useful lives of the FRDC's software is 10 years (2019-20: 10 years).

All software assets were assessed for indications of impairment as at 31 May 2021.

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$

Note 2.2: Non-financial assets continued

Note 2.2B: Other non-financial assets

Prepayments	4,042	26,703
Total other non-financial assets	4,042	26,703

No indicators of impairment were found for other non-financial assets.

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$

Note 2.3: Payables

Note 2.3A: Suppliers and other payables

Trade creditors and accruals	36,000	475
FBT payable	-	(5,881)
PAYG payable	101,396	69,843
Other	-	-
Total suppliers and other payables	137,396	64,437

Settlement is usually made within 30 days.

Note 2.3B: Projects

State and territory government expense	-	-
Contract liability ¹	817,548	-
Other	-	1,062
Total projects	817,548	1,062

¹ The FRDC has applied AASB 15 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated.

The contract liability is associated with funding provided for Research & Development activities under Funding Agreements with the Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment and Department of Primary Industries NSW as detailed below.

Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment

- Assist with data generation to support APVMA application - erythromycin in finfish
- Assist with data generation to support APVMA application - Praziquantel - Skin and gill flukes (Monogenea) - Non-seriola finfish
- Development of on-farm biosecurity plan implementation support programs for aquaculture industry

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2020-21 totalling: \$291,548.

Department of Primary Industries NSW

- NSW seafood product development program

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2020-21 totalling: \$526,000.

Accounting policy

Project payables are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities will be settled. They relate to payments approved on achievement of agreed deliverables, but which were unpaid at the end of the reporting period. Settlement is usually made within 30 days.

As per AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, contract liabilities are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities are not yet settled. They relate to payments received for funding provided for research and development activities, of which specific performance obligations were not met at the end of the reporting period.

Note 2.3C: Other payables

Unearned revenue ¹	-	8,574
Other	6,712	-
Total other payables	6,712	8,574

All unearned revenue is recognised as a current liability

Moneys paid by:

¹ - Department Agriculture Water and the Environment (Aquaplan Development Workshop and Publication)

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$

Note 2.4: Interest Bearing Liabilities

Note 2.4A: Leases

Lease liabilities ¹	704,644	-
Total leases	704,644	-

¹ The FRDC has applied AASB 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under AASB 117.

Accounting Policy

Refer Overview section for accounting policy on leases.

People and relationships

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$

Note 3.1: Employee Provisions

Note 3.1A: Employee provisions

Leave	790,096	833,306
Total employee provisions	790,096	833,306

Employee provisions that could be settled

No more than 12 months	658,166	735,733
More than 12 months	131,930	97,573
Total employee provisions	790,096	833,306

Accounting policy

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits and termination benefits expected within 12 months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. Other long-term employee benefits are measured as net total of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period minus the fair value at the end of the reporting period of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly.

Leave

The liability for employee benefits includes provision for annual leave and long service leave. The leave liabilities are calculated on the basis of employees' remuneration at the estimated salary rates that will be applied at the time the leave is taken, including the entity's employer superannuation contribution rates to the extent that the leave is likely to be taken during service rather than paid out on termination. The estimate of the present value of the liability takes into account attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation.

Superannuation

The FRDC's staff are members of the Public Sector Superannuation Scheme (PSS), or the PSS accumulation plan (PSSap), or other superannuation funds held outside the Australian Government.

The PSS is a defined benefit scheme for the Australian Government. The PSSap and any other superannuation funds are defined contribution schemes.

The liability for defined benefits is recognised in the financial statements of the Australian Government and is settled by the Australian Government in due course. This liability is reported in the Department of Finance's administered schedules and notes.

The FRDC makes employer contributions to the employee's defined benefit superannuation scheme at rates determined by an actuary to be sufficient to meet the current cost to the Australian Government. The entity accounts for the contributions as if they were contributions to defined contribution plans.

Note 3.2: Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the FRDC, directly or indirectly, including any director of the board (whether executive or otherwise) of the FRDC. The FRDC has determined the key management personnel to be the non-executive directors, the Managing Director and senior general managers. Key management personnel remuneration is reported in the table below:

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits (salary)	1,343,985	1,302,966
Post-employment benefits (superannuation)	216,091	188,664
Other long-term employee benefits (annual leave and long service leave)	140,827	114,014
Total key management personnel remuneration expenses	1,700,903	1,605,645

1

The total number of key management personnel that are included in the above table is 15 (2019-20: 14). They are made up of:

- seven non-executive directors
- one non-executive director (Chair)
- one Managing Director
- five senior general managers
- one senior general manager (retired 7 July 2020)

Note 3.3: Annual total remuneration ranges (including superannuation) paid to key management personnel

	2020-21	2019-20
Nil to \$39,999	1	1
\$40,000 to \$69,999	8	7
\$160,000 to \$239,999	5	2
\$280,000 to \$309,999	0	1
\$360,000 to \$389,999	1	1
Total number of key management personnel	15	12

Note 3.4: Related party disclosures**Related party relationships**

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. Related parties to this entity are non-executive directors, the Managing Director, and senior general managers and other Australian Government entities.

The non-executive directors and the Managing Director of the FRDC during the year were:

Mr John Williams	Chair (Member People and Culture Committee)
Dr Kathryn Brooks	Director (Member Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee)
Professor Colin D. Buxton	Director (Deputy Chair)
Dr Saranne Cooke	Director (Chair Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee)
Ms Katina Hodson-Thomas	Director (Member People and Culture Committee)
Dr Patrick Hone	Managing Director
Mr Mark King	Director (Chair People and Culture Committee)
Mr John Lloyd	Director (Chair Investment Mechanisms Working Group) (Member Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee)
Dr Lesley MacLeod	Director (Member Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee)

Note 3.4A: Transactions with director-related entities

The FRDC's practice is to disclose all transactions with an entity with whom a director has an association. This means that directors who have disclosed a material personal interest that all the transactions of that entity will be listed. Typically, the FRDC will not transact with all the entities for which a director has made such a declaration. The transactions that are not with related parties as defined by AASB124 Related Party Disclosures, are identified below with an asterisk (*)

The FRDC's 'Board governance policy' provides guidance to directors on how the FRDC deals with material personal interests. Where a director has an association with an entity where a conflict has the potential to arise, in addition to the duty to disclose that association, the director absents him/herself from both the discussion and the decision-making process.

Given the breadth of Australian Government activities, related parties may transact with the government sector in the same capacity as ordinary citizens. Such transactions include the payment or refund of taxes, receipt of a Medicare rebate or higher education loans. These transactions have not been separately disclosed in this note.

The Directors disclosed material personal interests during the directors' related period.

Director	Organisation and position held	Nature of interest
Dr K. Brooks	OzFish Unlimited <i>Non-Executive Director</i> 1 July 2020 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Kal Analysis Pty Ltd <i>Director</i> 1 July 2020 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts and Education Deakin University <i>Adjunct Associate Professor</i> 1 July 2020 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Professor C. D. Buxton	Southern Rock Lobster Ltd <i>Chair</i> 1 July 2020 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Institute from Marine and Antarctic Studies University of Tasmania * <i>Adjunct Professor</i> 1 July 2020 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Dr P. Hone	Council of Rural Research & Development Corporation <i>Member of the Executive and CEO's Committee</i> 1 July 2020 to 30 April 2021	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation

The following transactions occurred during the directors' related period with these entities.

Transactions with related entities	2020-21		2019-20	
	Expenditure	Income	Expenditure	Income
OzFish Unlimited	-	-	2,454	-
Kal Analysis Pty Ltd	-	-	38,566	-
School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts and Education Deakin University	64,312	-	271,406	21,810
Southern Rock Lobster Ltd	264,000	-	191,290	852
Institute from Marine and Antarctic Studies University of Tasmania	4,882,451	-	3,272,709	-
Council of Rural Research & Development Corporation	22,159	-	51,940	-

All transactions were conducted under normal terms and conditions and include GST.

Note 3.4B: Other related party disclosures**Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment**

The FRDC has a Research & Development Funding Head Agreement with the Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment under which it manages the suite of activities detailed below:

- AQUAPLAN Development Workshop Publication
- Aquatic Animal Health Training Scheme 2019-2022
- Data generation to support APVMA Application
- Development of on-farm biosecurity plan implementation support programs for aquaculture industry
- National Carp Control Plan
- Rural R&D for Profit: Growing a profitable, innovative and collaborative Australian Yellowtail Kingfish aquaculture industry: bringing 'white' fish to the market
- The role of the recreational fisher in the stewardship of the Southern Bluefin Tuna fishery

The FRDC has received funding from Department of Agriculture Water and the Environment in 2020-21 totalling: \$Nil (2019-20: \$197,500).

Financial instrument and fair value measurements

	2020-21	2019-20
	\$	\$

Note 4.1: Financial instruments

Note 4.1A: Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets at amortised cost

Cash and cash equivalents	21,454,624	22,549,230
Trade and other receivables	2,005,818	2,553,218
Other investments	-	5,001
Total Financial assets at amortised cost	23,460,442	25,107,449

Total financial assets

23,460,442	25,107,449
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Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Suppliers and other payables	36,000	475
Projects	817,548	1,062
Total Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	853,548	1,537

Total financial liabilities

853,548	1,537
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Accounting policy

Financial assets

As per AASB 9 *Financial Instruments*, the FRDC classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics at the time of initial recognition. Financial assets are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contract and, as a consequence, has a legal right to receive or a legal obligation to pay cash and derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are transferred upon trade date.

Comparatives have not been restated on initial application.

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Financial assets included in this category need to meet two criteria:

- the financial asset is held in order to collect the contractual cash flows; and
- the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding amount.

Amortised cost is determined using the effective interest method.

Effective Interest Method

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial assets that are recognised at amortised cost.

Impairment of Financial Assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period based on Expected Credit Losses, using the general approach which measures the loss allowance based on an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses where risk has significantly increased, or an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses if risk has not increased.

The simplified approach for trade, contract and lease receivables is used. This approach always measures the loss allowance as the amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event where the write-off directly reduces the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost

Financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective interest basis.

Supplier and other payables are recognised at amortised cost. Liabilities are recognised to the extent that the goods or services have been received (and irrespective of having been invoiced).

2020-21	2019-20
\$	\$

Note 4.1B: Net gain or loss from financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Interest revenue (Note 1.2A)	92,987	296,996
Net gains on financial assets at amortised cost	92,987	296,996

There are no gains or losses on financial liabilities.

Note 4.2: Fair value measurement

Accounting policy

FRDC engaged Jones Lang LaSalle Public Sector Valuations (JLL) to conduct an asset revaluation of all non-financial assets as at 30 June 2020. An annual assessment is undertaken to determine whether the carrying amount of the assets is materially different from the fair value. Comprehensive valuations are carried out at least once every three years. JLL has provided written assurance to the FRDC that the models developed are in compliance with AASB 13.

The methods utilised to determine and substantiate the unobservable inputs are derived and evaluated as follows.

Physical depreciation and obsolescence - assets that do not transact with enough frequency or transparency to develop objective opinions of value from observable market evidence that have been measured using the depreciated replacement cost approach. Under the depreciated replacement cost approach, the estimated cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take into account physical depreciation and obsolescence. Physical depreciation and obsolescence has been determined based on professional judgement regarding physical, economic and external obsolescence factors relevant to the asset under consideration. For all leasehold improvement assets, the consumed economic benefit / asset obsolescence deduction is determined based on the term of the associated lease.

FRDC's policy is to recognise transfers into, and transfers out of, fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Note 4.2A: Fair value measurement

	Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period	
	2020-21 \$	2019-20 \$
Non-financial assets		
Leasehold improvements	111,450	47,060
Plant and equipment	17,950	27,390
Total non-financial assets	129,400	74,450

The FRDC did not measure any non-financial assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at 31 May 2021

As at 30 June 2020, Jones Lang LaSalle Public Sector Valuations conducted a revaluation of plant and equipment. The table above summarises the results of the valuation at fair value. A revaluation increment was applied to the asset revaluation reserve by asset class and included in the equity section of the Statement of Financial Position. Refer Note: 2.2A.

Other information

	2020-21 \$	2019-20 \$
Note 5.1: Aggregate Assets and Liabilities		

Note 5.1A: Aggregate assets and liabilities

Assets expected to be recovered in:		
No more than 12 months	25,575,502	25,324,909
More than 12 months	1,279,866	624,621
Total assets	26,855,368	25,949,530
Liabilities expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	1,781,140	809,806
More than 12 months	675,256	97,573
Total liabilities	2,456,396	907,379









2021-05-31 Financial Statements

Final Audit Report

2021-06-28

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