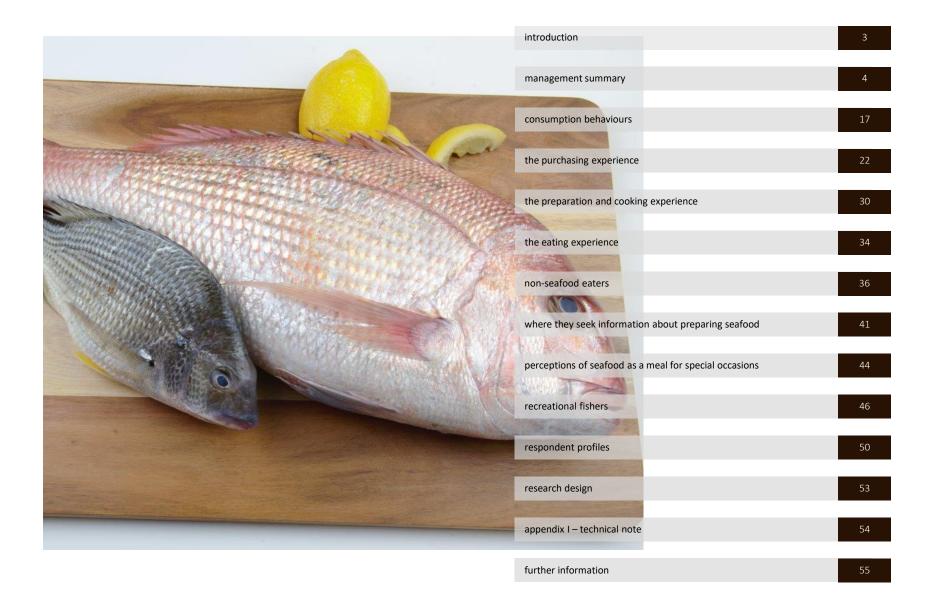


A report prepared for: Fisheries Research & Development Corporation (FRDC)







# what's the challenge?

Seafood consumption is a key focus for the industry. Identifying and then responding to the perceived barriers to the purchase and consumption of fresh seafood among Australian consumers is a priority.

To enable this to happen, a better understanding of the customer seafood journey and their experiences in this seafood journey is vital.

With that in mind, a research study of Australian adult consumers was initiated. This research collected information about what consumers do, what they like and don't like and what information would be useful to help them overcome the challenges they have in buying, cooking and eating seafood.

### about the research

An online survey of n=2,000 adult Australian main grocery buyers was undertaken over the period  $21^{st}$  June to  $2^{nd}$  of July 2016.

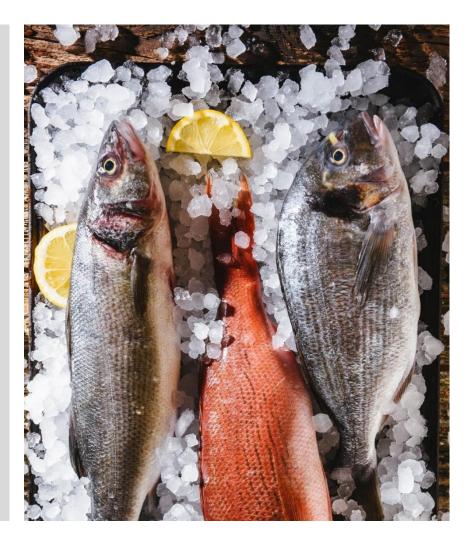
The coverage of the research included collecting information on consumers' buying, cooking and eating experiences with seafood.

As there were a number of different pathways through the questionnaire, the length of the questionnaire ranged from 8 to 18 minutes.

Respondents for the survey were sourced from an accredited market research panel.

The sample was nationally represented and consistent with the state | age | gender population structure (as detailed by the ABS).

The key findings from the research now follow.





we spoke to 2,000 adult Australians about their seafood experiences.

these are their experiences. . . .



# what they told us. . . .

- 95% told us they eat at least some form of seafood with slightly fewer (91%) consuming fresh seafood; so while not everyone eats seafood on a regular basis the overwhelming majority of Australians consume seafood.
- ✓ Some people purchase regularly, some less often. There is a small segment of the population who right now don't and won't eat seafood.
- ✓ The majority of Australians (57%) buy their seafood from the major supermarkets as part of the regular shop.
- For a lot of people seafood is still an occasion based experience; there are fewer for whom seafood is part of the weekly food plan.
- Almost one in three households have someone in who won't or can't eat seafood. This impacts the incentive for buying seafood.
- Seafood is generally seen to be of the same value for money as meat. Value is, and will always be an influence, but the relative perceived value to other proteins is less of an obstacle.
- Driving purchases will be about unlocking the opportunities and overcoming barriers of the customer journey and experience – we've unpacked the journey into three discrete experiences: the buying, preparation | cooking and eating experiences.



People's best seafood memories are anchored to important occasions . . .





# Friends & Family

I was with a group of thirty or so friends one night at seafood restaurant when about six of us decided to order the big fresh seafood platter. Fresh prawns, crabs, oysters, lobsters, bugs, sashimi, tuna, king fish salmon, fresh scallops in the shell, squid. It was to die for, absolutely divine.

John, 48, NSW

# Easter

A very quiet, rainy Christmas with just my immediate family. We had crabs, mussels, prawns, smoked salmon, calamari and probably something else that I have forgotten. It was all delicious and we didn't need to drive for miles in the rain. It made the one hour wait to be served in the fish market well worthwhile.

Sarah, 35, VIC

Christmas time as a child - the day was always a seafood spectacular with my family, friend, neighbors and all the kids in the street. eating and playing all day. I remember the laughs we had and the freedom to play outside.

Jane, 47, QLD

# Major Milestones

Happiness on a plate, Celebrating my wedding anniversary, enjoying good seafood close to the sea, that delicious aroma when it arrives on your plate and enjoying the seafood with a good bottle of wine

Jacquie,32, VIC

Just three weeks ago we travelled back to Townsville for a week and went to our favorite fish monger, grabbed a beautiful, full, cooked mud crab and half kilo of fresh off the boat, never frozen king prawns and sat on the balcony, overlooking the beach of our holiday unit and ate it all with some French stick, butter and 3 bottles of white wine. Yes, 3 bottles.

Greg, 35, NSW

# Christmas

I always enjoy eating seafood at Easter with family & friends, cooking on the BBQ, dishing up with salads etc. breads.

Mardi, 45,QLD

# Summer

Christmas time. Prawns and cold wine or beer relaxing on the patio. Summer time barbeques grilling fresh seafood. My late mother in laws seafood crepes for special occasions - to die for!

Marie, 66, QLD

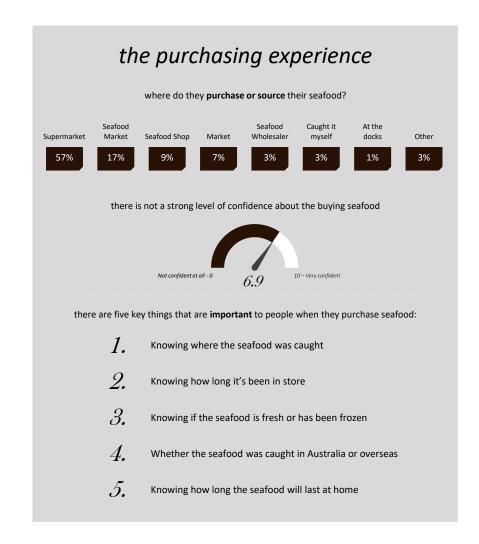
# Special Occasions

My girlfriend and I ordered a seafood picnic hamper/basket which contained many fresh seafood [and some cooked seafood] from a Seafood shop at fisherman's coop in Port Stephens. We took this with us on a boat and sailed to a deserted side of Fingal Island where we went to shore with the seafood hamper and a picnic blanket and ate lunch there at the beach with no one else in sight.

William, 45 NSW







# What don't they like about buying seafood?

# 20%

#### Not knowing how long ago the seafood was caught

"We have no indication of how fresh the seafood is or how long it has been kept under refrigeration. Never know how long it's been there, or whether its been thawed for days!"

# 13%

# Poor range of seafood / they don't have the seafood I want

111

"Limited variety of choices. I don't think the quality is quite as good as at the seafood markets."

## 8%

#### The smell of the seafood is off-putting

IIII

"The same as what I don't like about buying it anywhere... the smell."

### 6%

Inconvenient purchasing experience – the market is too far away, it's crowded and it's hard to find parking

"The effort of getting up early to go there and actually travelling and parking there."

### 6%

#### I don't know where the seafood was caught

"The fact that a vast amount of this seafood comes imported from Asian countries and at times fresh seafood from Australia is not always available."





# the preparation & cooking **experience**Consumers are not entirely confident in **preparing & cooking fresh seafood**

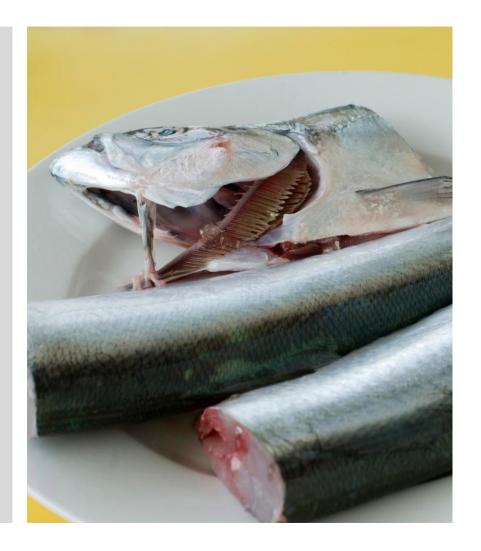


those who are confident (8-10 rating, 37% of market) have no problem with these preparing experiences:

- Where they should cook seafood (oven, stove top, etc.)
- Knowing what to serve seafood
- Knowing what to add in when preparing seafood

those who are not confident (0-4 rating, 16% of market) have some problems with these preparing experiences:

- Knowing how long to cook seafood
- Knowing what to add in when preparing seafood
- 3. The smell of seafood when cooking











# the eating experience

Consumers do report **some problems** around the eating experience:

- 1 The lingering smell of the seafood
- 2 The smell of the seafood
- $eta_{ullet}$  Being careful about eating undercooked seafood

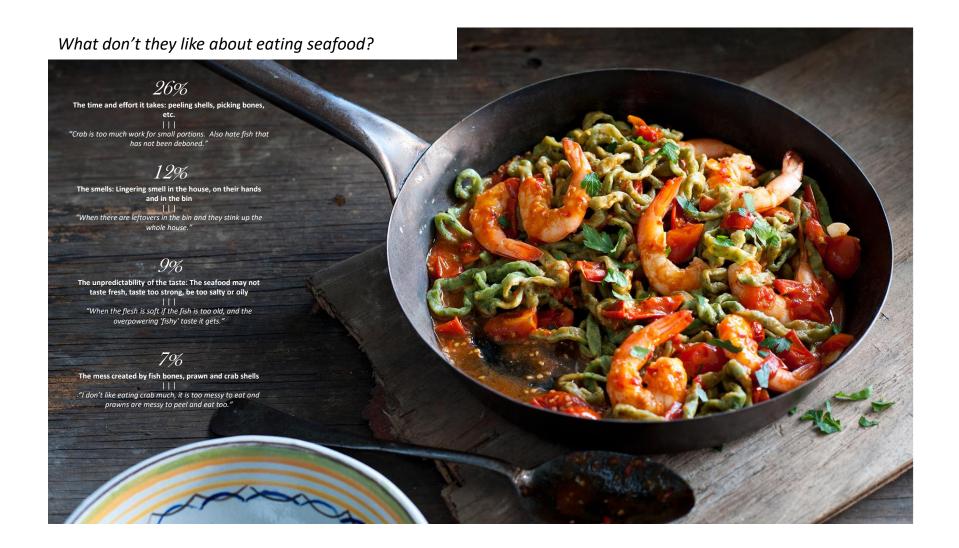
"Fish makes me feel queasy if I eat too much of it. I think its the strong smell and strong flavour that I find upsets my stomach."

"Having to clean up and sometimes the way the cooking smell hangs around."

"The texture and smell, and I can't eat it if it still looks like the animal it came from (if it still has its head or legs on for example)."

"Cannot think of what I like least - if I had dislikes I would not eat it, however, poor preparation or under-cooking would not be a pleasant experience."







# the sources of information used Cooking websites Friends *If they are looking for* information, they will generally use . . . If they are using a digital solution Most went searching . . . they will predominantly use . . . facebook. How to prepare [Fish / specific species] the common searches 25% 64% How to cook [Fish / specific species] on Google when looking Recipes for [Specific species of fish / prawns] for information . . . [Fish / Seafood] recipes Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky



# We're not all the same when it comes to fresh seafood consumption. . .

#### Frequent Regular Infrequent Non **Eaters** eaters **Eaters** Eaters Eat fresh seafood less often Eat fresh seafood at least once a Eat fresh seafood at least once a week month / at most once a fortnight ✓ Make up 31% of all consumers ✓ Make up 33% of all consumers ✓ Make up 27% of all consumers ✓ Make up 9% of all consumers ✓ Account for 20% of all main ✓ Account for 76% of all main ✓ Account for 4% of all main ✓ Of this group 31% have never eaten fresh seafood meals eaten fresh seafood meals eaten fresh seafood meals eaten seafood and 26% have not eaten it for the last 10 years ✓ They mainly shop for seafood at: ✓ They mainly shop for seafood at: ✓ They mainly shop for seafood at: ✓ Of this group 20% have eaten in the last 2 51% 54% Supermarket Supermarket Supermarket Seafood Market Seafood Market Seafood Market Seafood Shop Seafood Shop Seafood Shop Market Market Market



Frequent Eaters 31%



Regular Eaters 33%



Infrequent Eaters 27%



Non Eaters 9%



✓ Confidence in purchasing seafood



✓ Confidence in purchasing seafood



✓ Confidence in purchasing seafood



√ 25% might or would consider eating seafood again

75%

Definitely / probably consider



Might consider

✓ Confidence in preparing seafood



✓ Confidence in preparing seafood



✓ Confidence in preparing seafood



Never / probably won't consider

- √ 42% have a postgrad or bachelor degree
- ✓ 53% male: 47% female
- ✓ 27% are single
- √ 39% go fishing at least six times per year
- ✓ 37% have a postgrad or bachelor degree
- ✓ 52% male: 48% female
- ✓ 32% are single
- ✓ 20% go fishing at least six times per year

- ✓ 26% have a postgrad or bachelor degree
- ✓ 46% male: 54% female
- √ 34% are single
- √ 6% go fishing at least six times per year

- ✓ 23% have a postgrad or bachelor degree
- ✓ 45% male: 55% female
- √ 46% are single
- √ 6% go fishing at least six times per year



Frequent eaters 31%	Regular Eaters 33%	Infrequent Eaters 27%	Non Eaters 9%
			<b>TO1</b>
√ 30% use FB as a platform to get information about buying & preparing seafood	✓ 26% use FB as a platform to get information about buying & preparing seafood	19% use FB as a platform to get information about buying & preparing seafood	✓ Allergies are an influence on their decision about seafood for 26% of this group
✓ 29% say that they watch cooking shows (e.g. MasterChef, MKR) for info about how to buy, prepare or cook seafood	✓ 27% say that they watch cooking shows (e.g. MasterChef, MKR) for info about how to buy, prepare or cook seafood	√ 17% say that they watch cooking shows (e.g. MasterChef, MKR) for info about how to buy, prepare or cook seafood	<ul> <li>✓ A previous bad experience with seafood is an influence for 34%</li> <li>✓ 25% indicated uncertainly about how to</li> </ul>
√ 83% say that everyone in their household eats seafood	√ 77% say that everyone in their household eats seafood	✓ 64% say that everyone in their household eats seafood	handle seafood
√ 36% believe seafood provides better value for money than meat	✓ 24% believe seafood provides better value for money than meat	✓ 12% believe seafood provides better value for money than meat	
√ 73% reported they eat seafood regularly for meals during the week	√ 40% reported they eat seafood regularly for meals during the week	✓ 15% reported they eat seafood regularly for meals during the week	

This concludes an overview of the key findings from the research. A presentation of the more detailed results and analysis from the research now follows.



consumption behaviours





this first section of the report provides an overview of consumers reported consumption of seafood – fresh seafood, frozen and tinned seafood. It also looks to identify the influence of others in the household on the purchasing decisions.



What proportion of consumers eat. . . .

fresh seafood



31% eat at least once a week 9% never eat fresh seafood

91% of all consumers

frozen seafood



25% eat at least once a week 14% never eat frozen seafood

86% of all consumers

tinned seafood



30% eat at least once a week 14% never eat tinned seafood

86% of all consumers

### fresh seafood consumers can be grouped into three distinct categories:



Frequent Eater (n = 623)

Make up 31% of all consumers

They eat fresh seafood:

- · More than once a week
- · At least once a week



Regular Eater (n = 666)

Make up 33% of all consumers

They eat fresh seafood:

- · No more than once a fortnight
- · At least once a month



Infrequent Eater (n = 533)

Make up 27% of all consumers

They eat fresh seafood:

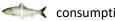
- · No more than once every two months; or
- · even less than that

Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten fresh seafood for a main meal?

Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten frozen fish or seafood for a main meal?

Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten tinned fish or seafood (i.e. tinned tuna, tinned salmon, prawns or mussels) for a main meal?





How often they have eaten seafood as a main meal in the last 12 months....

	How often do you eat Fresh seafood? (n = 2,000)	How often do you eat Frozen seafood? (n = 2,000)	How often do you eat Tinned seafood? (n = 2,000)
More than once a week	11%	7%	12%
Once a week	20%	18%	18%
Once a fortnight	15%	18%	15%
About once a month	18%	19%	18%
Six times a year (once e months)	very two 8%	7%	8%
Four times a year (once three months)	every 4%	3%	3%
Three times a year (onc four months)	e every 4%	4%	2%
Twice a year (every six	months) 4%	4%	3%
Once a year	2%	2%	2%
Less often	4%	6%	5%
Never eat	7%	11%	13%
Not sure / I don't know	2%	3%	1%

Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten frozen fish or seafood for a main meal?

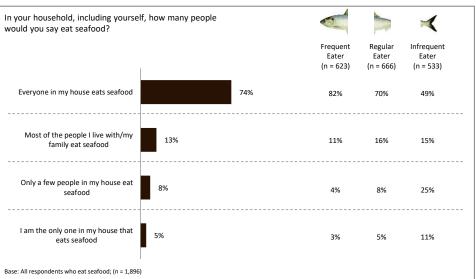
Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten tinned fish or seafood (i.e. tinned tuna, tinned salmon, prawns or mussels) for a main meal?

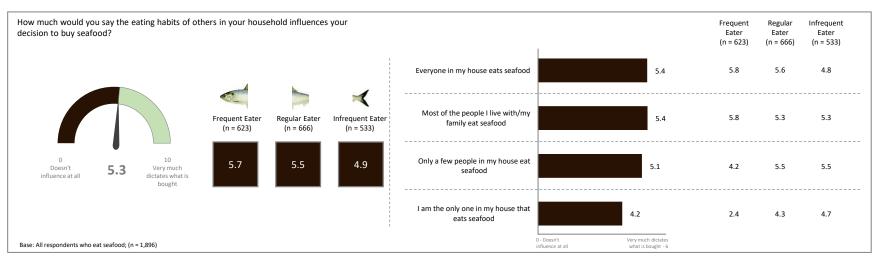


Over the past 12 months, how often would you say that you have eaten fresh seafood for a main meal?





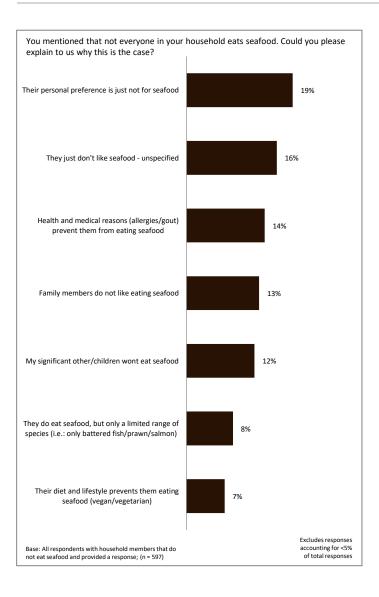




What we asked:

In your household, including yourself, how many people would you say eat seafood? How much would you say the eating habits of others in your household influences your decision to buy seafood?





Some of what they said... "Husband is allergic to prawns and shell "They don't like the taste of some fish fish hence does not eat it" and only two of us like oysters, prawns "My daughter does not like the texture or taste of fish and my husband and I don't like prawns. We like fish though" "Partner doesn't like the taste although perhaps once a year she will have a "My husband doesn't like shellfish and I piece of King George Whiting and also have 2 young children who don't like the eats canned tuna in a salad from time to strong flavour" time" "They have an allergy to shellfish. It affects their tongue" "I personally hate seafood and only like a couple of types of fish, but everyone "My husband is not really fond of "Most are just not a else in my family loves and eats prawns. He will taste a little but will not fan of the fishy taste, eat it as a meal. He is not allergic at all, seafood" especially the young but he says that he is not accustomed to ones" the taste. But he eats other seafood, such as squid and tuna." "My wife has an allergy to anything that

has fish in it - including tablets"

What we asked:

You mentioned that not everyone in your household eats seafood. Could you please explain to us why this is the case?

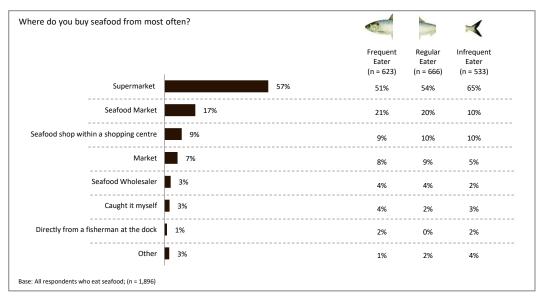


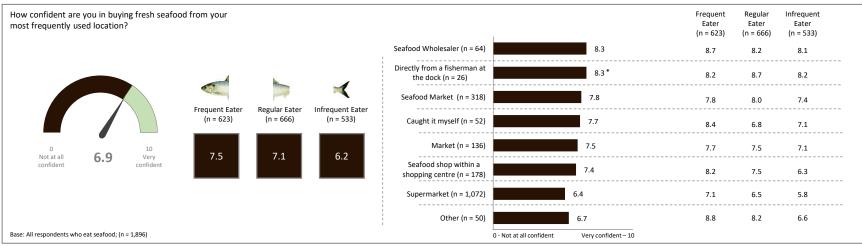
the purchasing experience





this section of the report explores the consumer purchasing experience to identify what they do, their level of confidence in buying seafood and what they like most and least about purchasing seafood.





<sup>\*</sup> Small sample sizes (n<30). Exercise caution with these results

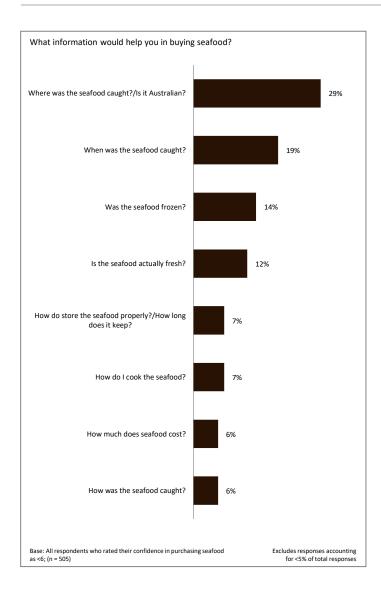
What we asked:

How confident are you in buying fresh seafood from [your most frequently used location]? Where do you buy your seafood from most often?





# what information would help when buying



Some of what they said...

"More info on the fish - where and when it was caught. Is it fresh or has it been frozen?" "I would like to know: 1 - how fresh it is, 2 - How long it lasts, 3 - How do I cook it?"

"How do I scale or shell the seafood and what's the best way to cook it" "I would like clear signs/labels, cooking suggestions and wellinformed staff to help me" "Where and when it was caught How long it was it frozen for?"

"Country of origin, whether it had been frozen, labelling of the species."

"I would like to be sure I know what I'm doing. I would like help with selection, storage, cooking and how long it lasts under different circumstances...I'm pretty sure mercury poisoning & other food poisoning are pretty high risk in fresh seafood."

"I would like to know about the storage and transport conditions as well as the country of origin" "Cooking guide and preparation any instruction on cooking and different dishes"

What we asked:

What information would help you in buying seafood?





# what's important when buying

Other people have identified things that are important to them when they consider buying seafood. How important are each of the following factors for you?



#### Confidence in purchasing fresh seafood

			Confident (8 – 10 rating) (n = 876)	Somewhat confident (5 – 7 rating) (n = 849)	Not confident (0 – 4 rating) (n = 171)	Frequent Eate (n = 623)	r Regular Eater (n = 666)	Infrequent Eater (n = 533)
Knowing how long it's been in store		8.2	8.7	7.8	7.4	8.3	8.2	8.1
Knowing if the seafood is fresh or has been frozen		7.9	8.5	7.4	6.8	8.1	7.9	7.7
Whether the seafood was caught in Australia or overseas		7.8	8.4	7.4	6.7	8.0	7.8	7.8
Knowing how long the seafood will last at home		7.8	8.1	7.5	7.2	7.9	7.7	7.8
That the seafood I buy offers good value for money		7.7	8.1	7.4	6.7	7.7	7.7	7.6
Knowing the differences between the different species available (taste, cooking time, etc.)		7.2	7.7	6.9	6.0	7.5	7.1	6.9
Whether the seafood is sustainable		6.9	7.4	6.6	5.9	7.2	6.9	6.7
Nutritional content of the seafood		6.7	7.2	6.4	5.5	7.1	6.7	6.3
Knowing if the seafood was farmed or caught from the wild		6.3	6.7	6.1	5.4	6.7	6.2	6.1
Method used to catch the seafood		6.1	6.5	5.9	5.3	6.4	6.1	5.8
Base: All respondents who eat seafood; (n = 1,896)	0 – Not at all important	Extremely important - 10						

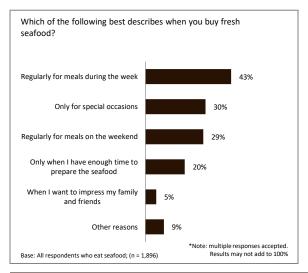
What we asked

Other people have identified things that are important to them when they consider buying seafood. How important are each of the following factors for you?





# when they buy



	Point of purchase								Confidence	esh seafood			<b>«</b>	
	Supermarket (n = 1,072)	Seafood Market (n = 318)	Market (n = 136)	Directly from a fisherman at the dock (n = 26)	Caught it myself (n = 52)	Seafood shop within shopping centre (n = 178)	Seafood Wholesaler (n = 64)		Confident (8 – 10 rating) (n = 876)	Somewhat confident (5 – 7 rating) (n = 849)	Not confident (0 – 4 rating) (n = 171)	Frequent Eater (n = 623)	Regular Eater (n = 666)	Infrequent Eater (n = 533)
Regularly for meals during the week	42%	47%	40%	50%*	23%	44%	56%		52%	37%	23%	73%	40%	15%
Only for special occasions	31%	28%	32%	35%*	33%	25%	30%		23%	34%	42%	13%	30%	49%
Regularly for meals on the weekend	26%	42%	29%	12%*	17%	30%	27%		34%	27%	11%	44%	32%	9%
Only when I have enough time to prepare the seafood	18%	22%	25%	23%*	17%	20%	16%		18%	22%	13%	11%	23%	25%
When I want to impress my family and friends	5%	6%	7%	4%*	6%	4%	8%		8%	8%	23%	6%	5%	6%
Other reasons	9%	4%	6%	12%*	29%	9%	9%		6%	5%	5%	4%	6%	17%

<sup>\*</sup> Small sample sizes (n<30). Exercise caution with these results

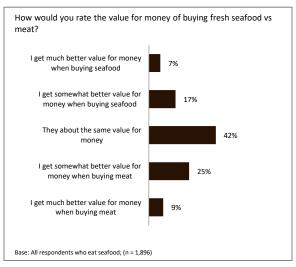
\*Note: multiple responses accepted. Results may not add to 100%

What we asked:

Which of the following best describes when you buy fresh seafood? Please select all that apply...



# value for money: fresh seafood v meat



	Point of purchase							Confidence	in purchasing fre	esh seafood			$\prec$
	Supermarket (n = 1,072)	Seafood Market (n = 318)	Market (n = 136)	Directly from a fisherman at the dock (n = 26)	Caught it myself (n = 52)	Seafood shop within shopping centre (n = 178)	Seafood Wholesaler (n = 64)	Confident (8 – 10 rating) (n = 876)	Somewhat confident (5 – 7 rating) (n = 849)	Not confident (0 – 4 rating) (n = 171)	Frequent Eater (n = 623)	Regular Eater (n = 666)	Infrequent Eater (n = 533)
I get much better value for money when buying seafood	6%	11%	11%	15%*	0%	5%	16%	11%	4%	5%	12%	6%	4%
I get somewhat better value for money when buying seafood	15%	25%	16%	27%*	15%	13%	14%	19%	16%	10%	24%	18%	8%
I think meat and fresh seafood are about the same value for money	42%	36%	41%	35%*	58%	51%	38%	42%	44%	29%	43%	44%	38%
I get somewhat better value for money when buying meat	27%	21%	26%	19%*	23%	22%	27%	22%	27%	33%	17%	26%	34%
I get much better value for money when buying meat	10%	7%	6%	4%*	4%	8%	6%	6%	9%	23%	4%	7%	16%

<sup>\*</sup> Small sample sizes (n<30). Exercise caution with these results

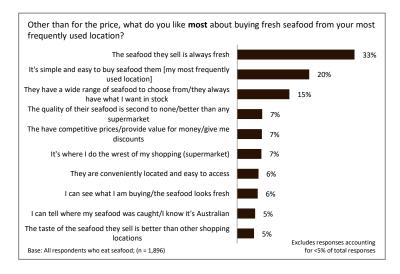
What we asker

Thinking about the value for money you get when purchasing fresh seafood vs meat (beef, chicken, pork, etc.), how would you rate the value for money of buying fresh seafood vs meat?





## what they like most and least about buying fresh seafood





"It's always in stock, always cheap, and always tastes good."

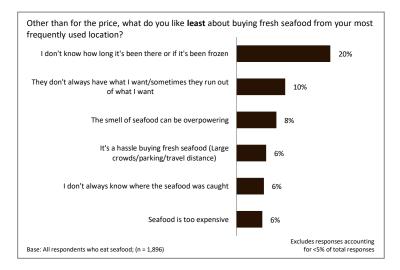
"It is fresh, I can easily see what I am buying and it is convenient."

Some of what they said...

"I buy from a Chinese supermarket, they have a great selection and it is less expensive."

"They specialise in seafood and always know that they're talking about and can help recommend what's good"

"I like that there's so many different stalls that sell different types of seafood. You can shop around, haggle and try to get the best price"



Some of what they said...

"It's mostly frozen seafood that is thawed and mostly sourced outside Australia"

"The seafood market is not located near the supermarket where I shop so it's a bit inconvenient"

The smell of the place where only seafood exists can be overwhelming"

> "It's hard finding fish that has not been previously Frozen and thawed out."

"Sometimes what you want is not available and auality may not be auite as good as buying direct from a fishmonger"

"Sometimes they don't always have the species you are looking for"

"Hate the smell of the place and sometimes we have bought fish that has been disappointing in quality. Its hard to return the product once cooked."

"The effort of getting up early to go to the market and then parking there.

"Hate the smell of the place and sometimes we have bought fish that has been disappointing in quality. Its hard to return the product once cooked."

What we asked:

Other than for the price, what do you like most about buying fresh seafood from [your most frequently used location]? Other than for the price, what do you like least about buying fresh seafood from [your most frequently used location]?





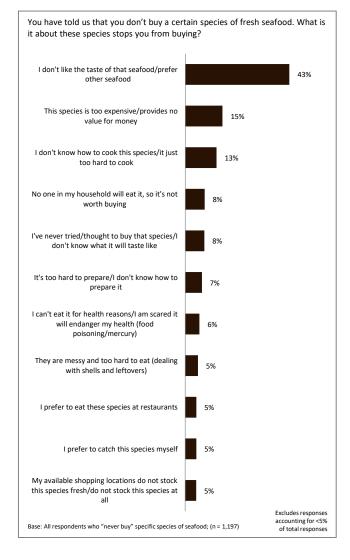
### what they buy

When you buy fresh seafood, what sorts of seafood do you usually buy?

	Only seafood I buy	Buy it regularly	Buy it occasionally	Buy it very rarely	Never buy it
Fish	9%	51%	27%	9%	4%
Prawns	3%	29%	39%	18%	12%
Crabs	1%	5%	17%	32%	45%
Octopus / squid	1%	9%	23%	27%	40%
Oysters	1%	7%	22%	24%	46%
Shellfish	1%	7%	22%	28%	42%

Base: All respondents who eat seafood; (n = 1,896)

Some of what they said... "None of our family have had much "Crabs are expensive. Octopus/squid experience in tasting squid, octopus I wouldn't know how to make. or oysters" Ovsters no one likes." "None of my family likes octopus/squid and I have no idea how to cook any of them!" "I love oysters, but they are just to "Nobody in this household enjoys dear & poor value for money" oysters or most shellfish which is why we don't buy them. We only eat octopus/squid (both of us) or crab (only me) when dining out at a "Crabs & oysters are too expensive. I restaurant because: we don't know not overly keen on Octopus/squid and how to cook it so it tastes the way we "Shellfish relatively expensive. I also prefer to buy fresh fish." prefer, it is expensive to buy it fresh, find crabs too fiddly to eat" cooking seafood in the house makes the house smell bad, my husband doesn't like crab so there is little point buying it for one person in the house" "Oysters are not something I feel "I like octopus and squid, but have no confident cooking and I prefer other confidence that I could cook them varieties" properly and I don't like oysters"



What we asked:?

When you buy fresh seafood, what sorts of seafood do you usually buy? Please select all that apply...?
You have told us that you never buy the following fresh seafood: [Species never bought]. What is it about these species that stops you from buying?

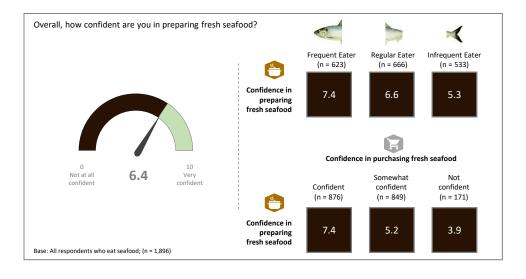


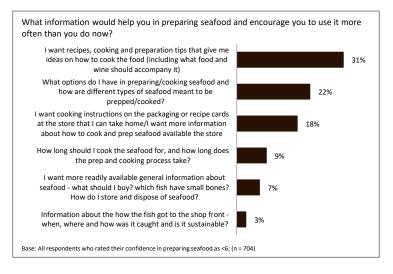
the preparation and cooking experience

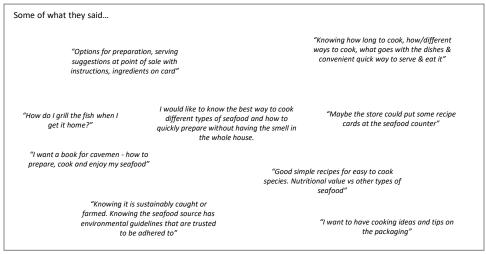


## confidence in preparation and cooking

this next section of the report focuses on the consumer experience in preparing and cooking seafood – their confidence in doing this and what they like most and least about these processes.







What we asked:?

Overall, how confident are you in preparing fresh seafood?

What information would help you in preparing seafood and encourage you to use it more often than you do now?





# what the challenges are in preparation and cooking

We've listed below the experiences of other people when preparing seafood. Please tell us about your experiences with preparing seafood on a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is "Never a problem for me" and 10 is "Always a problem for me"

		Confider	nce in purcha	sing fresh	Confide	•			1		
		Confident (n = 876)	Somewhat confident (n = 849)	Not confident (n = 171)	Confident (n = 694)	Somewhat confident (n = 900)	Not confident (n = 302)		equent Eater = 623)	Regular Eater (n = 666)	Infrequent Eater (n = 533)
Knowing how long to cook seafood	4.2	3.6	4.6	4.8	2.6	4.8	5.8		3.6	4.2	4.7
The smell of seafood when cooking	4.1	3.7	4.5	4.6	3.1	4.6	5.3		3.7	4.1	4.6
Knowing what to add in when preparing seafood	3.8	3.1	4.3	4.6	2.2	4.4	5.3		3.1	3.8	4.3
The lack of different ways of using seafood for meals	3.7	3.0	4.3	4.4	2.3	4.3	5.0		3.2	3.7	4.1
Where I should cook seafood (oven, stove top, etc.)	3.4	2.7	3.9	4.2	1.9	4.0	5.0		2.9	3.4	3.8
Knowing what to serve with seafood  Base: All respondents who eat seafood; (n = 1,896)	3.3	2.7	3.8	3.8	2.1	3.8	4.6		2.9	3.4	3.6
base. An respondents who eat Searoou; (II = 1,696)	0 – Never a problem for me Always a problem for me – 10										

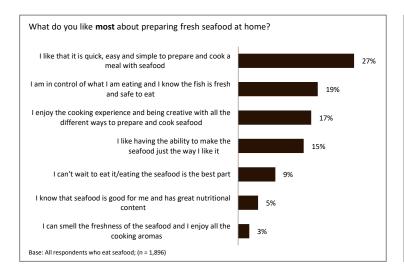
What we aske

We've listed below the experiences of other people when preparing seafood. Please tell us about your experiences with preparing seafood. Please answer on a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is "Never a problem for me" and 10 is "Always a problem for me".

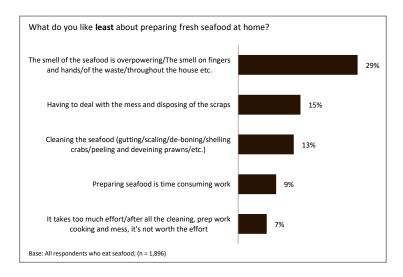




### what they like most and least about preparing and cooking fresh seafood









What we asked:

Other than for the price, what do you like **most** about preparing fresh seafood at home? Other than for the price, what do you like **least** about preparing fresh seafood at home?



the eating experience



# the challenges of eating seafood

the survey sought feedback from consumers on the consumption experience. This section of the report provides an overview of the feedback provided by consumers on the consumption experience

We've listed below the experiences of other people when eating seafood. Please tell us about your experiences with eating seafood on a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is "Never a problem for me" and 10 is "Always a problem for me"











			Confidence in	Confidence in purchasing fresh seafood		Confidence i	n preparing f	resh seafood			
				Somewhat confident (n = 849)	Not confident (n = 171)	Confident (n = 694)	Somewhat confident (n = 900)	Not confident (n = 302)	Frequent Eater (n = 623)	Regular Eater (n = 666)	Infrequent Eater (n = 533)
	The lingering smell of the seafood	4.5	4.1	4.9	5.0	3.5	5.0	5.3	4.0	4.5	5.0
	The smell of the seafood	4.1	3.6	4.4	5.0	3.0	4.5	5.3	3.6	4.1	4.6
- Being careful a	about eating undercooked seafood	4.0	3.5	4.3	4.7	2.8	4.5	5.1	3.5	4.1	4.5
	The mess it creates when eating	3.7	3.2	4.0	4.0	2.8	4.2	4.0	3.2	3.5	3.8
The issu	es of disposing of uneaten seafood	3.5	3.0	3.9	3.6	2.7	4.0	3.9	3.4	3.7	4.0

Base: All respondents who eat seafood; (n = 1,896)

0 – Never a problem for me Always a problem for me – 10

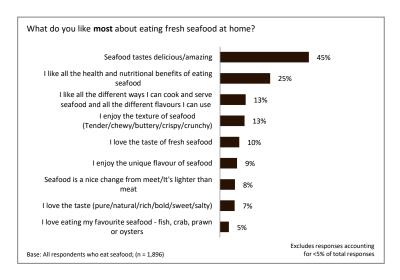
What we asker

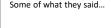
We've listed below the experiences of other people when preparing seafood. Please tell us about your experiences with preparing seafood. Please answer on a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is "Never a problem for me" and 10 is "Always a problem for me".





## what they like most and least about eating fresh seafood





"The amazing flavours that come from some seafoods. Even if you're smelling something a bit yucky while cooking... It always come out amazing!"

"I love knowing that it's fresh and that it's an Australian product and that it has very high nutritional value so it's excellent for my health." "I feel like it's a healthy alternative and mixes it up from my usual meaty diet"

"I love the he creamy, melt in your mouth texture of fresh fish"

> "I really like the freshness and texture of prawns"

"Light and fresh taste, we love the ocean and sucking an oyster feels like

you're by the sea... Lighter than red

meats, great in summer... Much better if

you've caught it yourself! You're unlikely

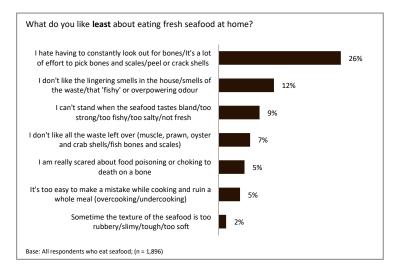
to slaughter your own sheep or cows

unless you're a farmer, but anyone can

fish or go crabbing. Makes a meal feel

like a special occasion"

"I can't get fresh seafood very often, but when I do, it's a delicacy"



#### Some of what they said...

"When eating with others, they serve fish like trout. I hate searching for bones, at home I serve mostly deep sea fish fillets. No bones"

> "I don't like the smell or the mess of bones, shells etc"

> > "When the fish still has bones. I hate having to pick out bones when eating fish"

"House can smell like fish for days "

"Sometimes it is clearly not as fresh as hoped and that can make the flavour pretty ordinary" "The smell sometimes lingers in the kitchen"

"I hate it when you can taste that it's not fresh any more. I hate overcooked prawns or squid"

"I don't particularly like eating the skin, or eating fish which have a lot of bones (particularly fine bones). Then there is the smell if I forget to wrap up the pieces that are left over soon after eating."

What we asked:

What do you like **most** about eating fresh seafood? What do you like **least** about eating fresh seafood?

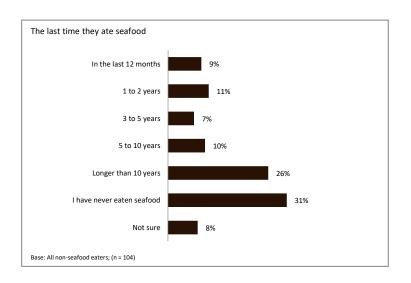


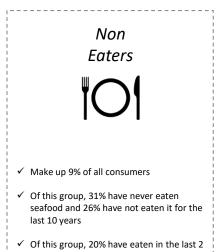
non-seafood eaters

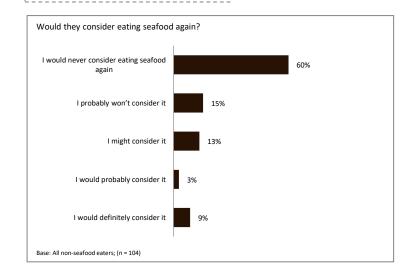


The survey captured the feedback from both people who do and don't consume seafood.

This section focuses in on the feedback provided by non eaters.







What we asked:

How long has it been since you last ate seafood? Would you ever consider eating seafood again?

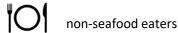


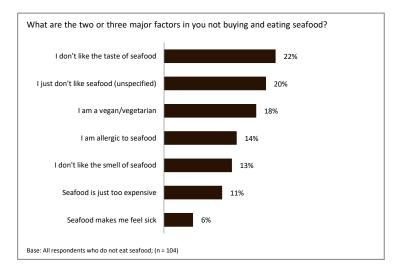
How much of an influence are the following issue	es in explaining why you don't buy or eat seafood?	Might or definitely would consider eating seafood again (n = 26)	Never or probably won't consider eating seafood again (n = 78)	0-4 rating	5-8 rating	9-10 rating
The smell of seafood	5.2	3.7*	5.7	38%	28%	34%
Previous bad experience eating seafood	2.8	2.1*	3.0	66%	13%	14%
My concerns over the impact of fishing	2.7	3.1*	2.6	63%	26%	11%
My concerns over the sustainability of seafood	2.6	3.0*	2.4	63%	26%	11%
Price of seafood	2.4	4.3*	1.7	68%	21%	11%
Health issues	2.3	1.4*	2.7	73%	13%	14%
Allergies to seafood	2.3	1.5*	2.5	74%	9%	17%
How long it's been in the store	1.9	2.7*	1.7	72%	22%	6%
Don't believe there are any health benefits of eating seafood	1.9	1.9*	1.9	75%	19%	6%
Don't trust that I'm getting the type of fish I think I am	1.9	2.5*	1.7	73%	21%	6%
I don't know how to cook seafood	1.9	3.0*	1.5	72%	22%	6%
I don't know how to handle seafood	1.8	2.6*	1.5	75%	19%	6%
I don't know what type of seafood to buy	1.7	2.6*	1.4	75%	22%	3%
My children won't or can't eat seafood	1.7	1.9*	1.6	77%	17%	6%
How long it will last at home	1.5	2.6*	1.2	77%	21%	2%
Base: All non-seafood eaters; (n = 104)	0 – No influence at all Extremely influ	uential – 10		*Note:	: low sample size (	n<30) result indicative only.

What we asked:

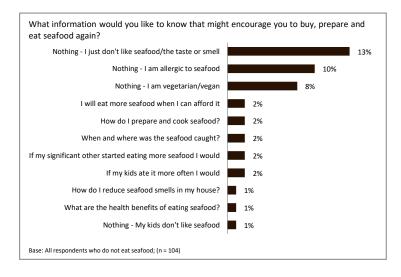
How much of an influence are the following issues in explaining why you don't buy or eat seafood?

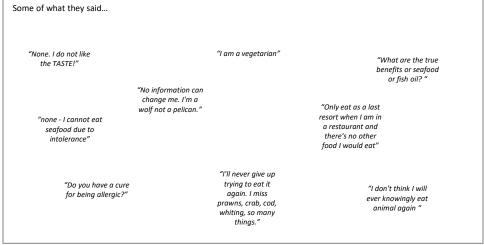












What we asked:

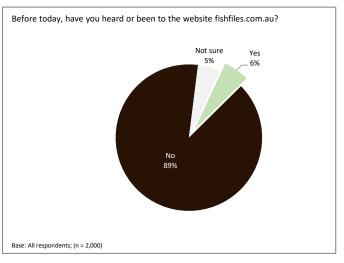
What information would you like to know that might encourage you to buy, prepare and eat seafood again? What are the two or three major factors in you not buying and eating seafood?

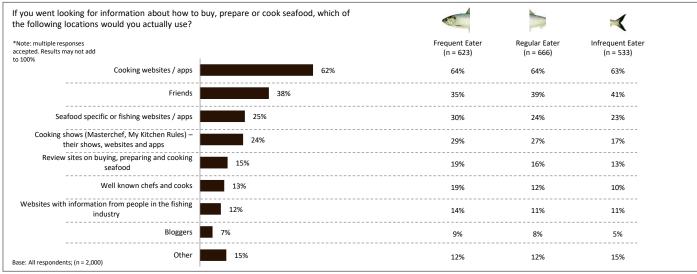






this section of the report looks at exploring the 'digital or other more traditional destinations' where consumers go to for information about preparing and cooking seafood.



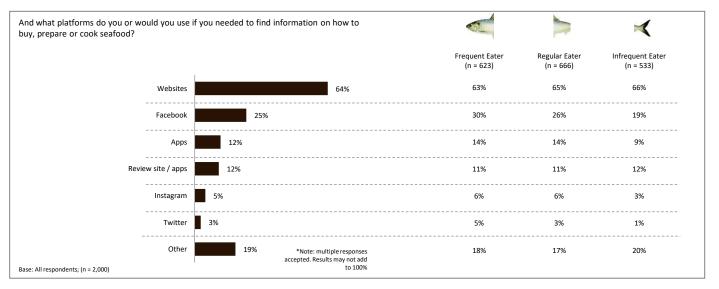


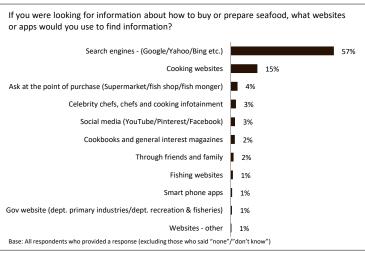
What we asked:

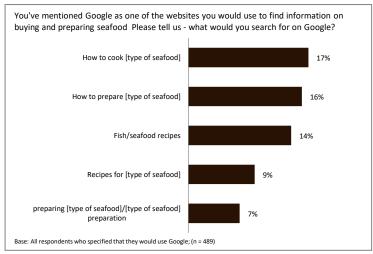
There is a website which provides consumers information about different species, how to buy, handle, prepare and eat seafood. Before today, have you heard or been to the website fishfiles.com.au? If you went looking for information about how to buy, prepare or cook seafood, which of the following locations would you actually use?



## where they seek information about preparing seafood







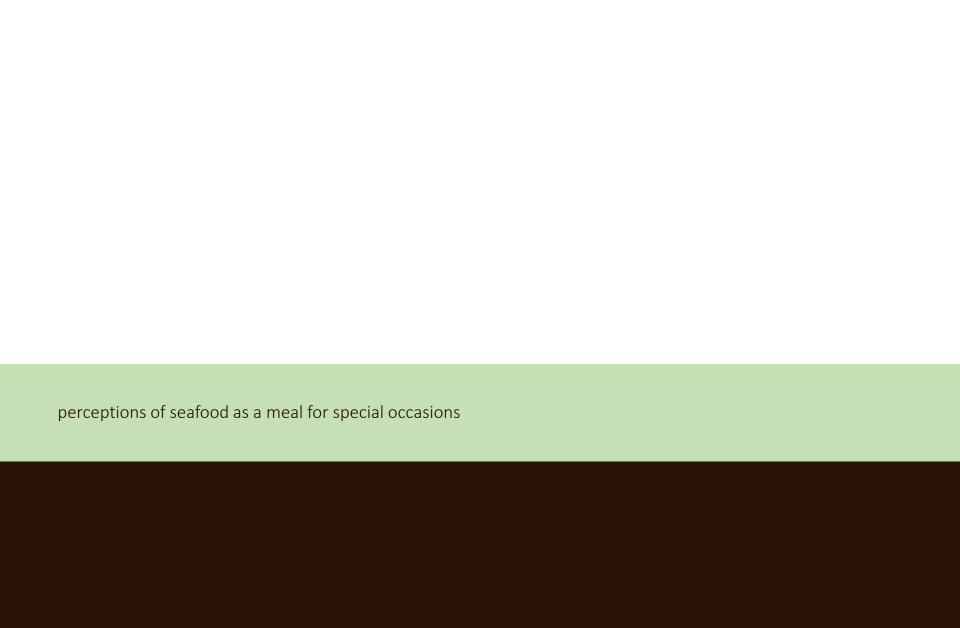
What we asked:

And what platforms do you or would you use if you needed to find information on how to buy, prepare or cook seafood?

If you were looking for information about how to buy or prepare seafood, what websites or apps would you use to find information?

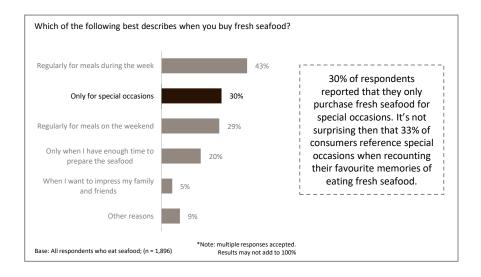
You've mentioned Google as one of the websites you would use to find information on buying and preparing seafood Please tell us - what would you search for on Google?







in this section, we look at the memories consumers associate with eating fresh seafood. On the right is the frequency with which people bring up special occasions when asked about their favourite memories of eating seafood.



Thinking about a special time you enjoyed eating fresh seafood, please describe your favourite memories of this time....



What we asker

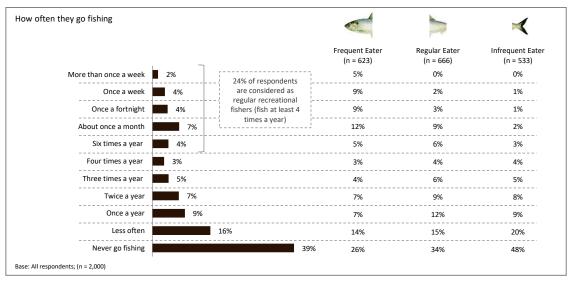
Thinking about a special time you enjoyed eating fresh seafood, please describe your favourite memories of this time.

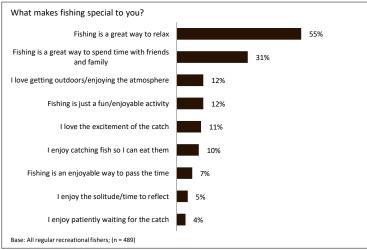


recreational fishers



this section of the report looks at regular recreational fishers and explores what their information needs might be – what information they are looking for as they fish and where they might source this information.



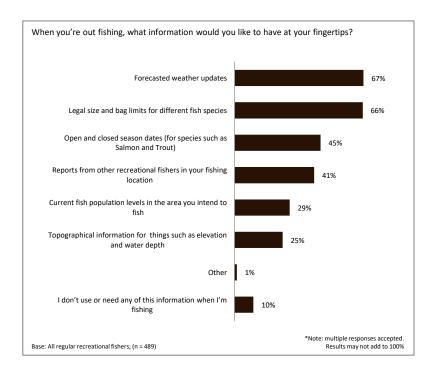


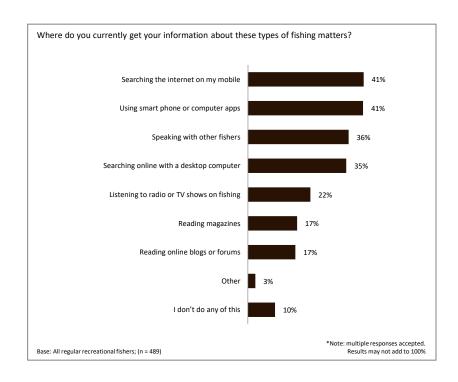


What we asked:

Over the last 12 months, how often have you gone fishing? Include any occasion you have gone recreational fishing – by yourself, with friends or family or with others. What makes fishing special to you?







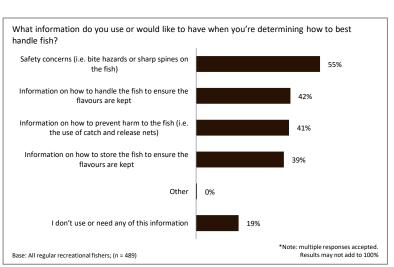
What we asked:

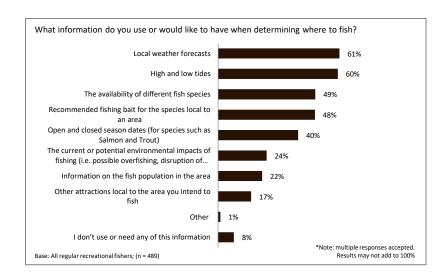
When you're out fishing, what information would you like to have at your fingertips? Where do you currently get your information about these types of fishing matters?

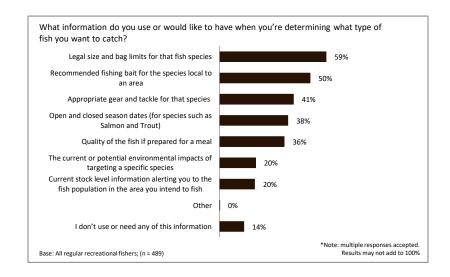


### recreational fishers









What we asked

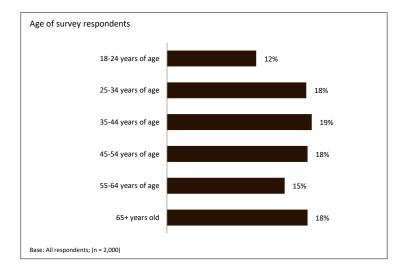
What information do you use or would like to have when you're determining where to fish? What information do you use or would like to have when you're determining how to best handle fish? What information do you use or would like to have when you're determining what type of fish you want to catch?

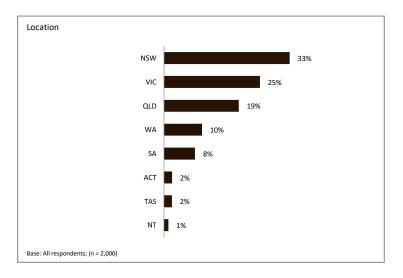


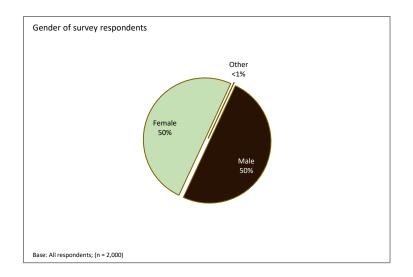
respondent profiles

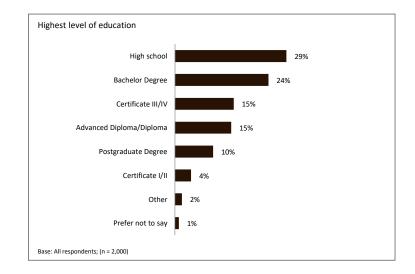


# respondent profiles









What we asked:

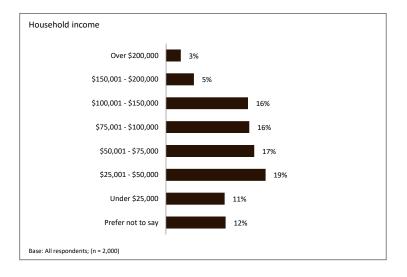
To begin with, in which of the following age brackets do you fall...

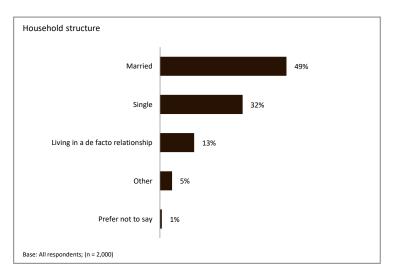
What state do you live in?

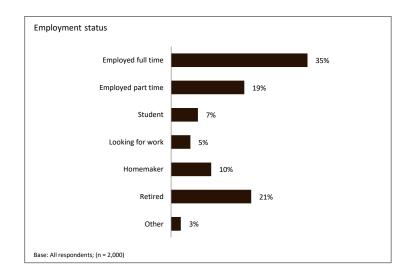
What is the highest level of education you have completed?

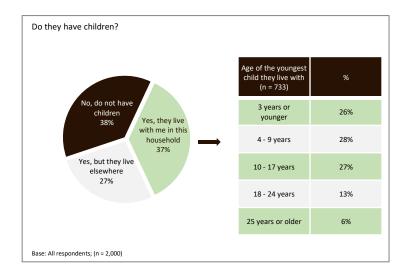


# respondent profiles









What we asked:

What is your current household income before tax? What is your current employment status? Which one of the following best describes your household situation? Do you have any children? Please select all that apply. What is the age of the youngest child living with you?



### Methodology

The study involved an online survey amongst adults (18+) who fulfilled the position of main grocery buyer (MGB) for their household:

Consumers were sourced via an accredited online market research panel provider; Survey Sampling International (SSI).

This methodology provides a random and representative sample of consumers in a highly cost efficient way.

### Sample

The final sample size for the market research was n = 2,000 representative of Australia by age, gender and geographical location as matched by ABS estimates:

n = 42 ACT

n = 388 QLD

n = 497 VIC

• n = 651 NSW

• n = 161 SA

n = 197 WA

n= 23 NT • n= 41 TAS

As final age and gender profile of this sample was matched back to the ABS estimate of the population profile, it was decided that, given the similarity of the profiles, no weighting of the market research data would be required.

#### Questionnaire

Respondents were asked to completed an 8 to 18 minute online survey which. The difference in survey length was due to the survey having 4 unique pathways between those that ate seafood and those that do not versus those that recreationally fish versus those that do not. Topics covered throughout the survey included:

- o seafood consumption and purchasing behaviour;
- o the experience of preparing fresh seafood;
- o the experience of eating fresh seafood;
- what information is sourced when in need of cooking/preparation instructions for fresh seafood;
- o the experiences and perceptions of seafood for 'non-seafood eaters';
- the experience of recreational fishing; and
- respondent profiles.

**Timing** 

In total, n = 2,000 interviews were conducted between the 21<sup>st</sup> June - 2<sup>nd</sup> July 2016.



### Reliability of the Estimates

The estimates in this report are based on information obtained from a sample survey. Any data collection may encounter factors, known as non-sampling error, which can impact on the reliability of the resulting statistics. In addition, the reliability of estimates based on sample surveys are also subject to sampling variability. That is, the estimates may differ from those that would have been produced had all persons in the population been included in the survey.

#### Non-sampling error

Non-sampling error may occur in any collection, whether it is based on a sample or a full count such as a census. Sources of non-sampling error include non-response, errors in reporting by respondents or recording of answers by interviewers and errors in coding and processing data. Every effort is made to reduce non-sampling error by careful design of survey questionnaires and quality control procedures at all stages of data processing.

#### Sampling error

One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of persons was included. There are about two chances in three (67%) that a sample estimate will differ by less than one SE from the number that would have been obtained if all persons had been surveyed, and about 19 chances in 20 (95%) that the difference will be less than two SEs.

#### Calculation of Confidence Interval

If 50% of all the people in a population of 20,000 people drink coffee in the morning, and if you were repeat the survey of 377 people ("Did you drink coffee this morning?") many times, then 95% of the time, your survey would find that between 45% and 55% of the people in your sample answered "Yes".

The remaining 5% of the time, or for 1 in 20 survey questions, you would expect the survey response to more than the margin of error away from the true answer.

When you survey a sample of the population, you don't know that you've found the correct answer, but you do know that there's a 95% chance that you're within the margin of error of the correct answer.

In terms of the numbers selected above, the margin of error MoE is given by:

$$MoE = z * \sqrt{rac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$$

where n is the sample size,  $\hat{p}$  is the fraction of responses that you are interested in, and z is the <u>critical value</u> for the 95% confidence level (in this case, 1.96).

This calculation is based on the Normal distribution, and assumes you have more than about 30 samples.

Margin of Error for a given sample size and survey estimate.		Sample Size										
		30	50	75	100	150	200	300	500	1,000	1,500	2,000
	10%	n/a	n/a	n/a	± 5.88%	± 4.80%	± 4.16%	± 3.39%	± 2.63%	± 1.86%	± 1.52%	± 1.31%
	20%	n/a	± 11.09%	± 9.05%	± 7.84%	± 6.40%	± 5.54%	± 4.53%	± 3.51%	± 2.48%	± 2.02%	± 1.75%
Survey Estimate	30%	n/a	± 12.70%	± 10.37%	± 8.98%	± 7.33%	± 6.35%	± 5.19%	± 4.02%	± 2.84%	± 2.32%	± 2.01%
	40%	± 17.53%	± 13.58%	± 11.09%	± 9.60%	± 7.84%	± 6.79%	± 5.54%	± 4.29%	± 3.04%	± 2.48%	± 2.15%
	50%	± 17.89%	± 13.86%	± 11.32%	± 9.80%	± 8.00%	± 6.93%	± 5.66%	± 4.38%	± 3.10%	± 2.53%	± 2.19%
	60%	± 17.53%	± 13.58%	± 11.09%	± 9.60%	± 7.84%	± 6.79%	± 5.54%	± 4.29%	± 3.04%	± 2.48%	± 2.15%
	70%	n/a	± 12.70%	± 10.37%	± 8.98%	± 7.33%	± 6.35%	± 5.19%	± 4.02%	± 2.84%	± 2.32%	± 2.01%
	80%	n/a	± 11.09%	± 9.05%	± 7.84%	± 6.40%	± 5.54%	± 4.53%	± 3.51%	± 2.48%	± 2.02%	± 1.75%
	90%	n/a	n/a	n/a	± 5.88%	± 4.80%	± 4.16%	± 3.39%	± 2.63%	± 1.86%	± 1.52%	± 1.31%

Note. Margin of Errors are provided at the 95% confidence level on the assumption of a large population size (non-finite) and normally distributed. Results labelled "n/a" are due to the assumption of the normal distribution not being upheld ( $n\hat{p} < 10$  or  $n(1-\hat{p}) < 10$ ).



# FRDC:

Unpacking the consumer seafood experience

November 2016

want more information?

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